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UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON

## Test Readiness Review

# Pulsed Plasma Thruster Test Stand

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Mentor: Dr. Justin Little

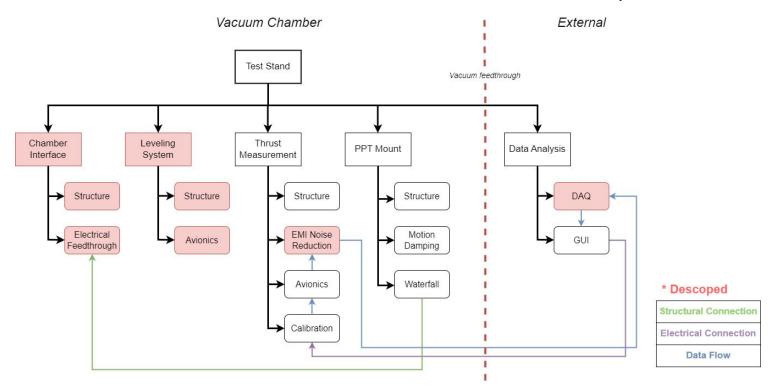
#### Important Announcement: TRR De-Scope

Due to SPACE Lab test scheduling and manufacturing delays, the current project will be delaying the manufacturing of the chamber interface and leveling system not testing the full system under vacuum

#### Implications:

- System test will no longer occur in the designated vacuum chambers
- The system calibration process will transition from utilizing the Dawgstar PPT as
  a known impulse to using a weighted pendulum to strike the test stand
- All vacuum interface and EMI shielding related subsystems will additionally be de-scoped for later testing

### Important Announcement: TRR De-Scope



#### Agenda

- Mission Objective, CONOPS Review, Systems Requirements, V&V Matrix
- Integrated System Overview
- Subsystems & Integration Test Results
- Test Procedure Review
- Test Plan Review
- Safety
- Schedule
- Conclusions

# Mission Objective

To design and build an operational, minimally conductive, inverted pendulum test stand for the University of Washington's SPACE Lab with the ability to accurately resolve impulses from pulsed plasma thrusters from 10 µN\*s to 100 mN\*s and with the capacity to accommodate a variety of thruster dimensions and masses

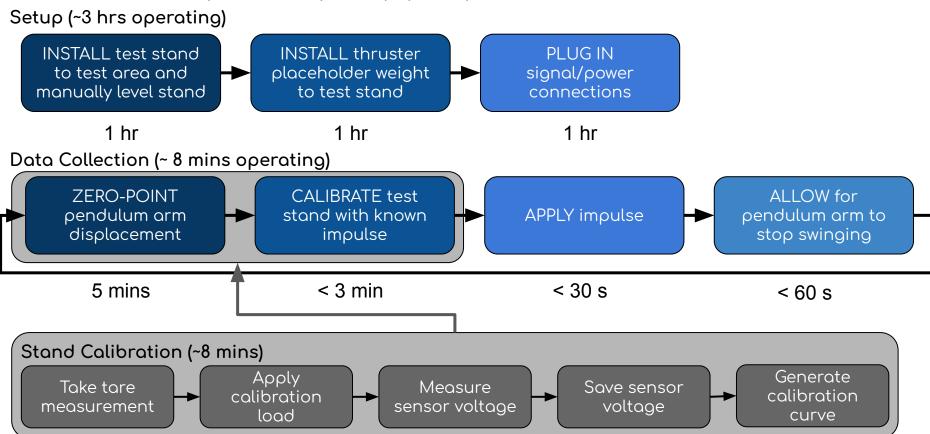
CONOPS (Descoped) (1/3)

NC

Setup (~3 hrs operating)

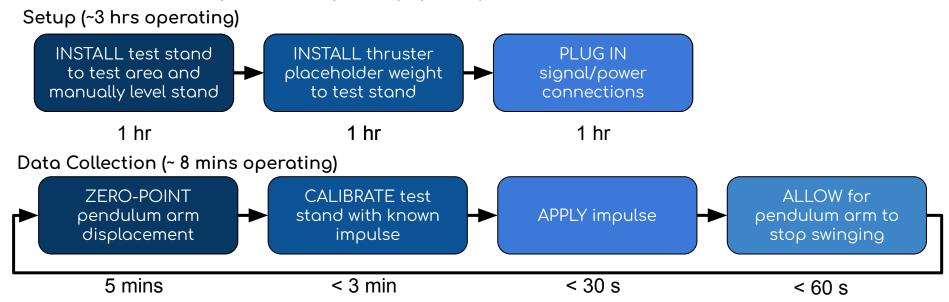


NC

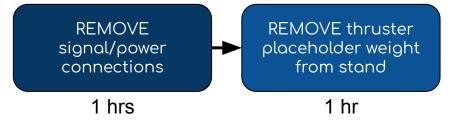


#### CONOPS (Descoped) (3/3)

NC



Disassembly (~2 hrs operating)



## System Requirements



ID	Requirement	Verification Method
Sys.1	Test stand must be an inverted pendulum style	Inspection
Sys.2	Test stand shall minimize the use of conductive materials	Inspection
Sys.3	Test stand must be able to <b>resolve</b> a minimum stand deflection of half the lowest predicted deflection such that <b>impulse bits ranging from 10</b> µN*s to 100 mN*s ± 5 µN*s can be measured	Test
Sys.4	Test stand must be able to <b>resolve</b> a minimum stand deflection of half the lowest predicted deflection such that <b>steady-state thrusts ranging</b> from 0.1 mN to 0.1 N ± 0.05 mN can be measured	Analysis

### System Requirements

■ De-Scoped for TRR

WW, KLV

ID	Requirement	Verification Method
Sys.5	Test stand must be able to <b>support thrusters up to 8 kg</b> without buckling	Test
Sys.6	Test stand must accommodate thruster diameters up to 10.0 in, and thruster lengths up to 9.1 in	Demonstration
Sys. 7	Test stand shall be able to be horizontally leveled to within ±0.05 degrees	Demonstration
Sys.8	Test stand must return thruster to 0.002 ± 0.001 degrees of zero-point between tests	Test
Sys.9	The stand must be installed, securely operated, and safely removed from the vacuum chamber without causing any structural or cosmetic damage to the chamber wall	Demonstration

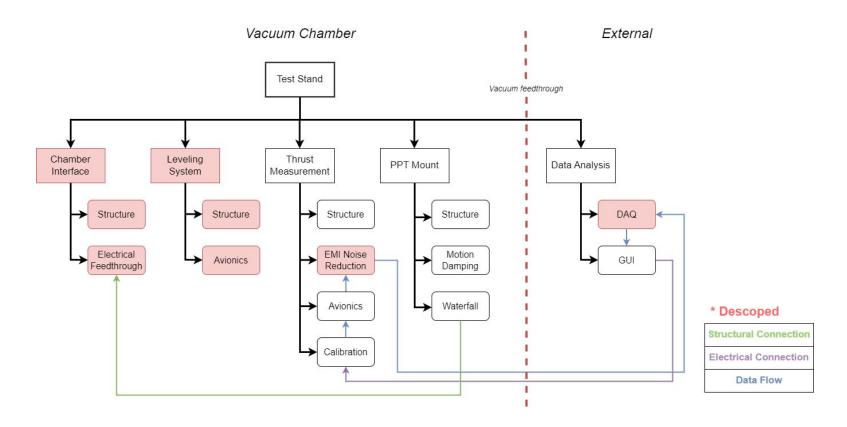
WW

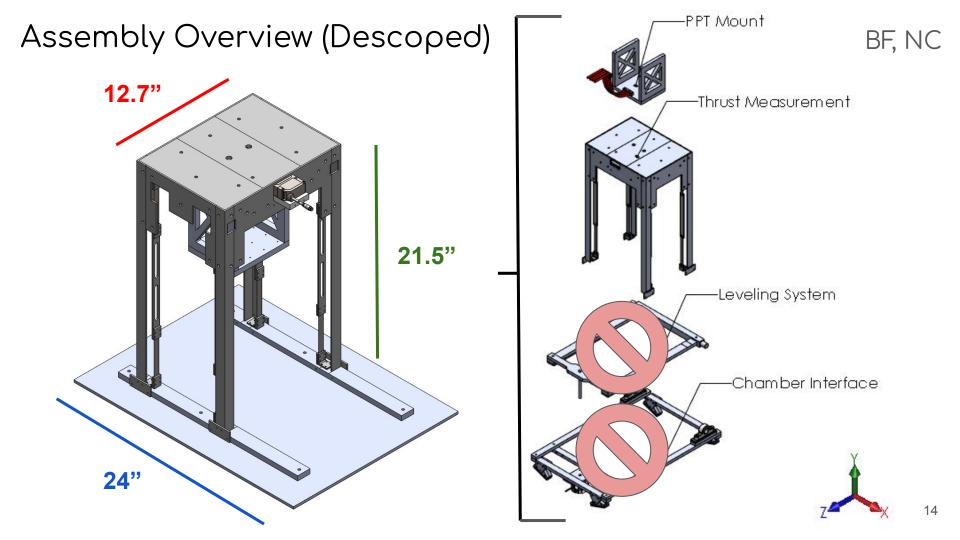
	System Requirements								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Test Stand	I	I	Т	Α	Т	D	D	Т	D
Thrust Measurement	I	I	T	А					
Chamber Interface		I					D		D
Leveling System		I						Т	
PPT Mount		1			T	D			

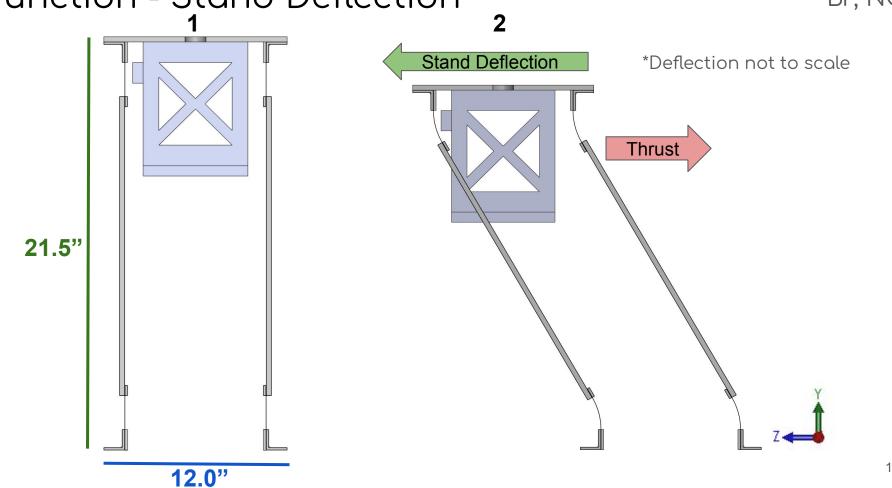
#### Agenda

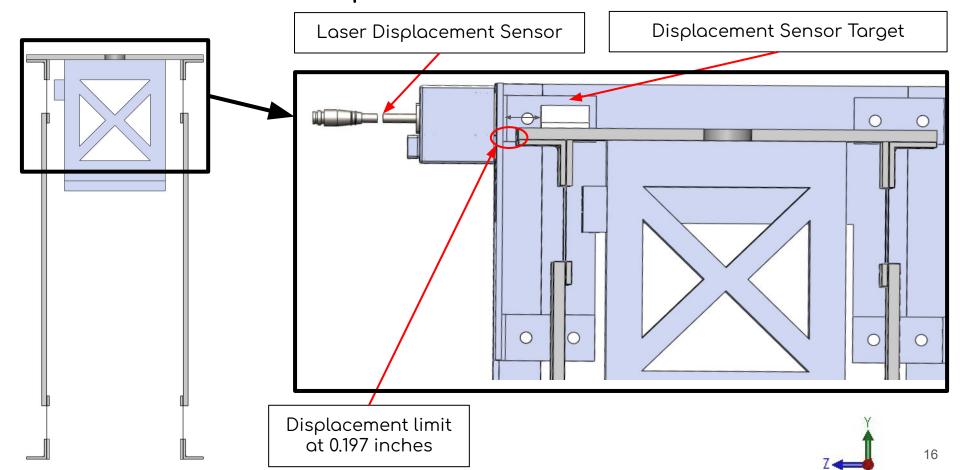
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#### System Architecture



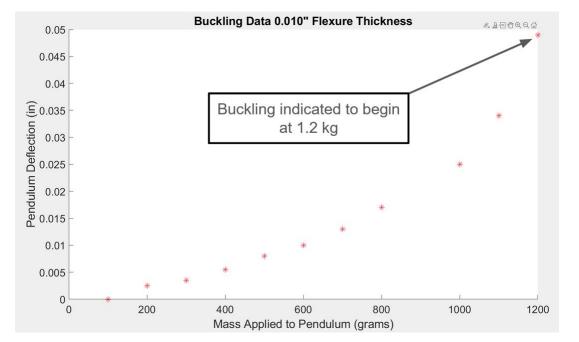






Test	Description	Equipment
Flexure Buckling	Verify that flexure sets are capable of supporting thruster masses indicated in REF-IFS1	<ul> <li>Digital scale with gram precision</li> <li>Calibrated masses</li> <li>0:0.001":1" dial indicator</li> <li>Descoped test stand</li> </ul>
Rangefinder	Verify the repeatability and error of measurements	<ul><li>CNC Mill and Flat Tool</li><li>Rangefinder</li><li>Oscilloscope</li></ul>
GUI and Motor	Verify motor receives GUI input and characterize motor response for GUI calibration.	<ul> <li>Computer with GUI</li> <li>IL-030 and IL-1000</li> <li>Oscilloscope</li> <li>Stepper motor</li> </ul>

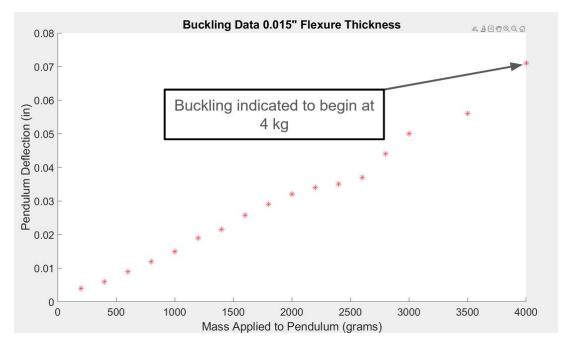
### 0.010" Flexure Buckling Results



\*Note: thruster shelf removed

- Thruster shelf too heavy for smaller thruster measurements, needs separate shelf design
- Shelf and thruster maximum mass of 1 kg gives a FoS of 1.13
- Updated response model to account for buckling → stand predicted to resolve 55E-6 ± 50% uN\*s at FoS of 1.10

#### 0.015" Flexure Buckling Results



\*Note: thruster shelf removed

- Thruster shelf too heavy for smaller thruster measurements, needs new shelf design
- Shelf and thruster maximum mass of 3.2 kg gives a FoS of 1.22
- Updated response model to account for buckling → stand predicted to resolve 300E-6 ± 50% uN\*s at FoS of 1.10

#### Flexure Buckling Tests

- Buckling tests for 0.020" and 0.025" flexures not yet completed
- Tests to be completed Tuesday, May 21 in AERB 139
- Each individual test takes 1 hour; total testing time is 2 hours
- Test Procedure:
   https://docs.google.com/document/d/1
   5yM5jC-WfB1lkUnyY28MM1jgY2zfB1Nzjpl
   eRV7lTJ4/edit#heading=h.90rcyr7gucak



AD, LL

Pendulum Leg Assembly

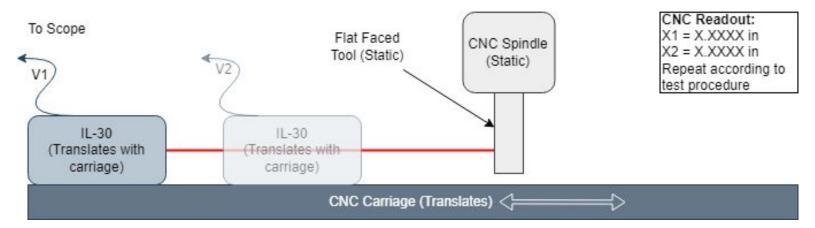
- Expected result for 0.020" flexure using Euler's buckling equation:
   buckling starts at approximately 8 kg with thruster shelf installed,
   to be verified through testing
- Expected results for 0.025" flexure using Euler's buckling equation:
   buckling starts at approximately 17 kg with thruster shelf installed,
   to be verified through testing
- Larger mass tests completed using sand weighed out with a scale
- This subsystem test will test for verification of requirement Sys.5

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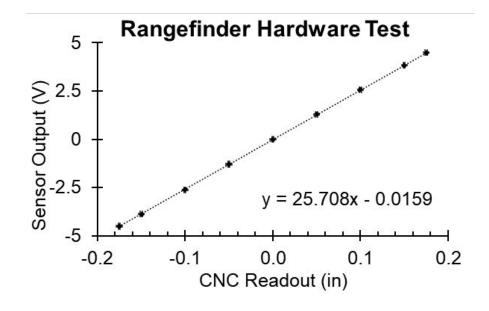
#### Rangefinder Hardware Test

- IL-030 tested to determine measurement error and repeatability
- Ensuring the accuracy of IL-030 is used to meet:
  - Sys.3: Resolve impulses ranging from 10 μN\*s to 100 mN\*s ± 5 μN\*s
  - Sys.4: Resolve thrusts ranging from 0.1 mN to 0.1 N ± 0.05 mN
- CNC used to vary distances precisely



#### Rangefinder Hardware Test Results

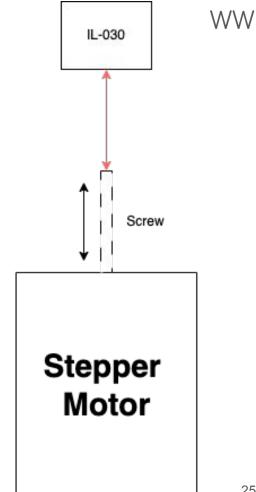
- IL-030 tested to determine measurement error and repeatability
- Combined sensor and scope precision:
  - ±0.0269 V
- CNC precision:
  - ±0.0005 in
- Average Standard Deviation:
  - o 0.002 in



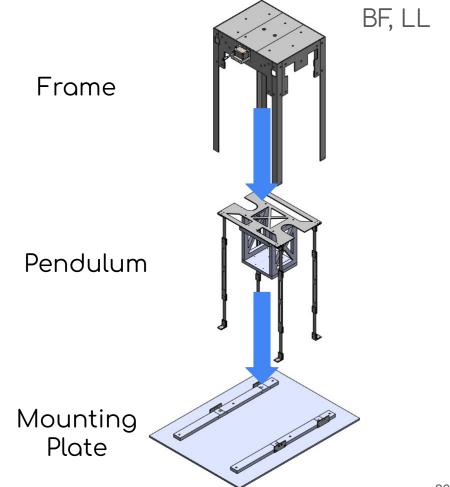
#### Stepper Motor and GUI Test Plan

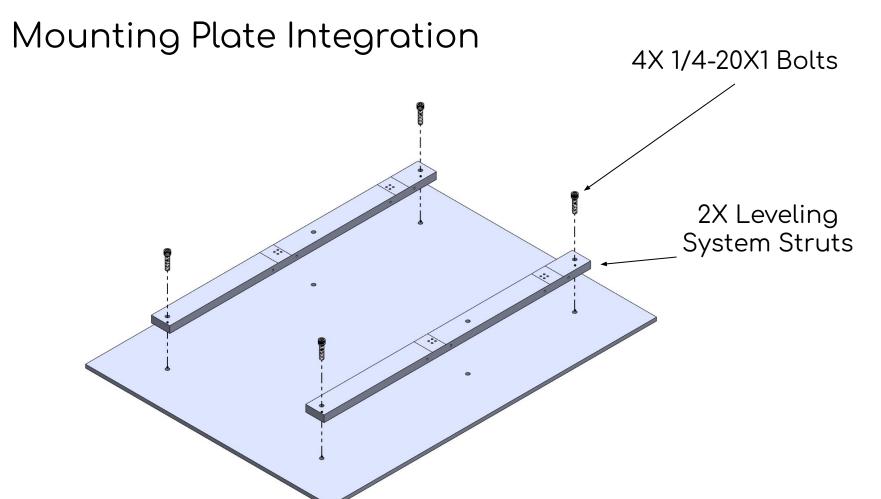
Stepper motor and GUI tests not yet completed

- Tests to be completed Tuesday May 21 in AERB 139
  - Approximately 30 minutes to complete
  - Demonstrate motor response to GUI input
  - Characterize screw actuation per motor step to properly calibrate GUI

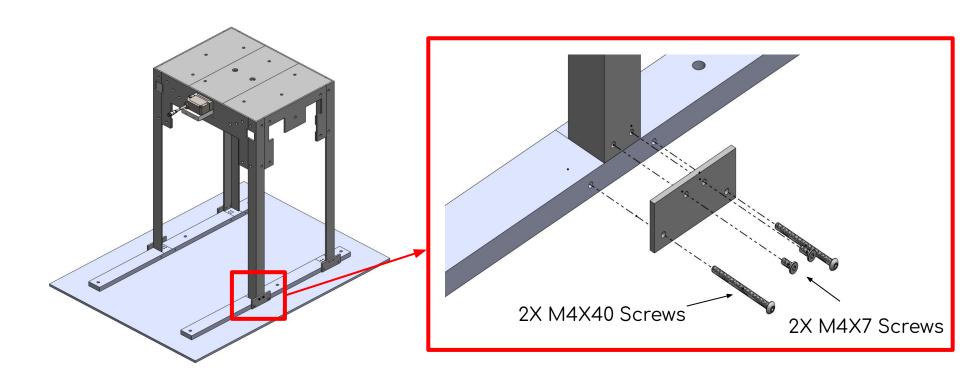


## Structures Integration Overview

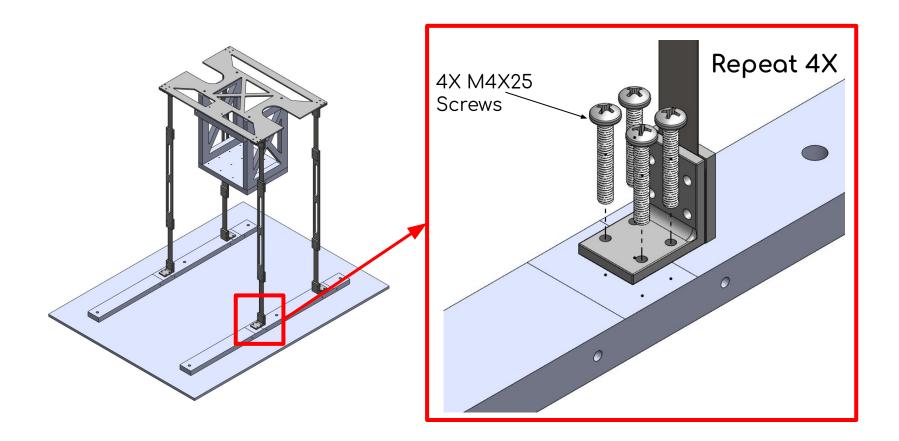




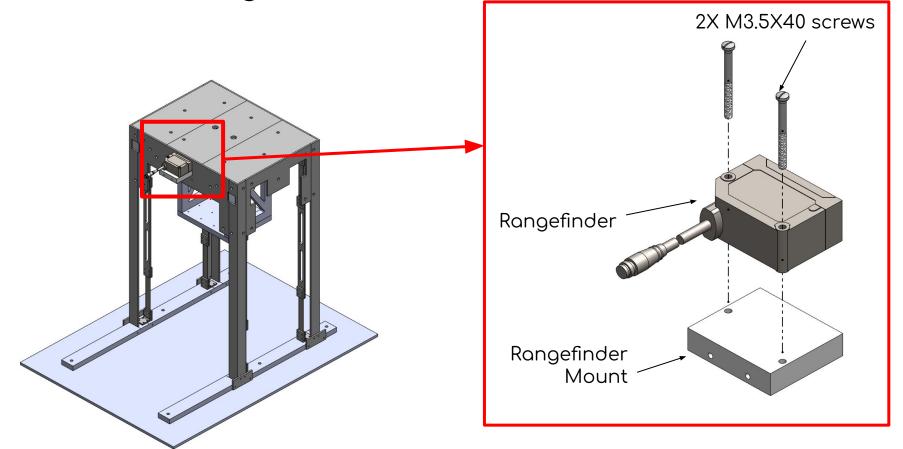
## Frame to Mounting Plate Integration



### Pendulum to Mounting Plate Integration



### Avionics Integration



NC, WW

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## System Test Overview

Equipment	Location	Notes
De-scoped Test Stand Assembly	AERB 139	Default Configuration (with flexure set FX2)
Flexure Sets	AERB 139	8 flexures per set: FX1, FX2, FX3, FX4
Thruster placeholder weights	AERB 139	0 - 10 kg
Oscilloscope	SPACE Lab	Supplied by SPACE Lab
Computer	-	
Bubble Level	AERB 139	Concentric
Masking Tape Roll	-	

## System Test Overview

Equipment	Location	Notes
Calibration Pendulum Frame	SPACE Lab	Supplied by SPACE Lab
Calibration Weight	-	1 g (washer/nut)
Roll of string/fishing line	SPACE Lab	~0.245 g/m
Slow motion camera	-	iPhone, 240 fps slow motion
Ruler	-	Must include cm markings
Protractor	-	
Digital Mass Scale	-	0.1 g resolution

#### System Test Procedure & Plan Preview

Modified system test due to de-scoping constraints:

- Full system test with Dawgstar PPT no longer feasible
- System calibration to show proof of concept
- Use calibration to verify Sys. 3 & Sys. 4
- Waterfall and dampener tests rolled into system calibration

#### Steps to verify Sys. 3:

- Full system test calibration
  Employ use of SPACE Lab calibration pendulum

#### Steps to verify Sys. 4:

 Analysis of system test calibration data to check 0.5x resolution of minimum and maximum recorded thrust & impulse values

#### Test Procedure & Test Plan Review

Links to system test procedure and test plan

#### Test procedure:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/19LgM8vZmldS-nUuxWhPQhS V5jrzaEgmahgzZCXV9uUg/edit?usp=sharing

#### Test Plan

https://docs.google.com/document/d/19vuNhTcxJRtio\_r66dI3BWF0 MB6F-\_Tjd1TSr84EqdU/edit?usp=sharing

NC, WW

#### Agenda

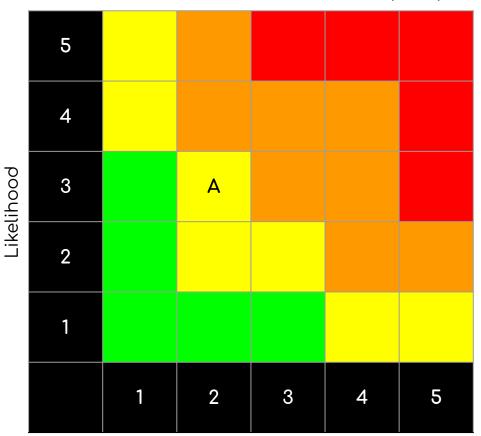
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Risks & Safety

#### NC, FC, LL

#### Risk Assessment

Item	Label	Mitigation strategy
Contact with G10 fiberglass dust during manufacturing	А	Wearing proper PPE, avoiding touching jagged ends, using vacuum to collect dust particles



Severity

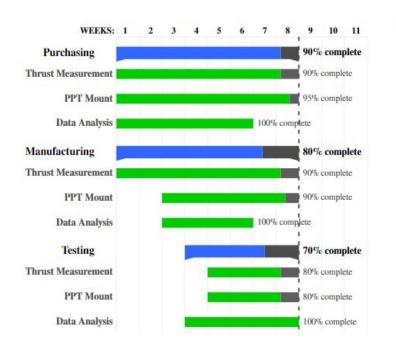
NC, WW

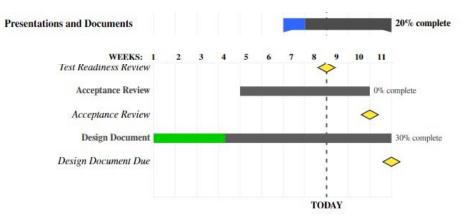
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#### NC

#### Schedule





NC, WW

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#### Conclusions

- The system cannot be fully tested due to manufacturing delays
- In the meantime, a **proof of concept calibration** will be completed to demonstrate the test stand's ability to satisfy **SYS 3 & 4**
- Buckling test to be completed by Tuesday 5/21
- Laser rangefinder verification test completed
- System testing to begin Thursday 5/24
- Planning for 4 days of system testing, 1 day each test configuration
- System testing to be completed Tuesday 5/28

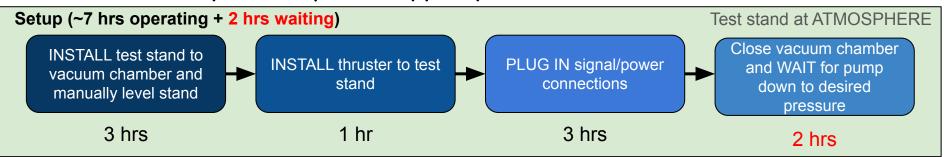
# Thank you! Questions?

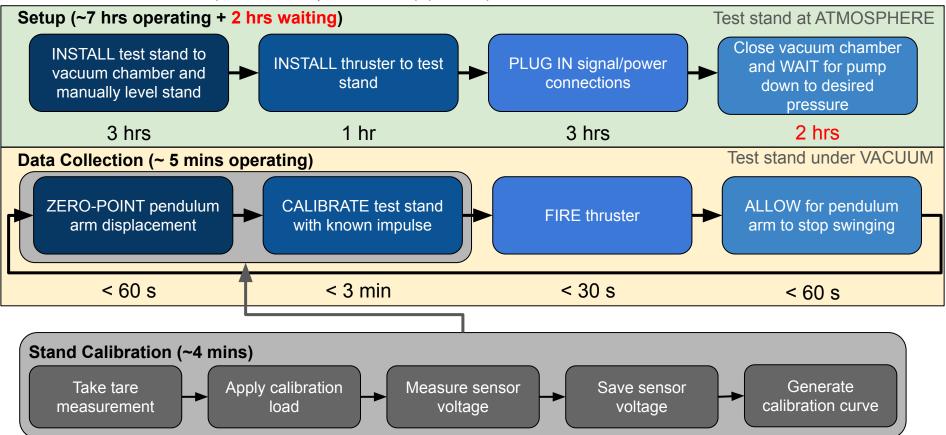
Name	Initials
Nathan Cheng	NC
Felicity Cundiff	FC
Adam Delbow	AD
Ben Fetters	BF
Lillie LaPlace	LL
Kai Laslett-Vigil	KLV
Winston Wilhere	WW

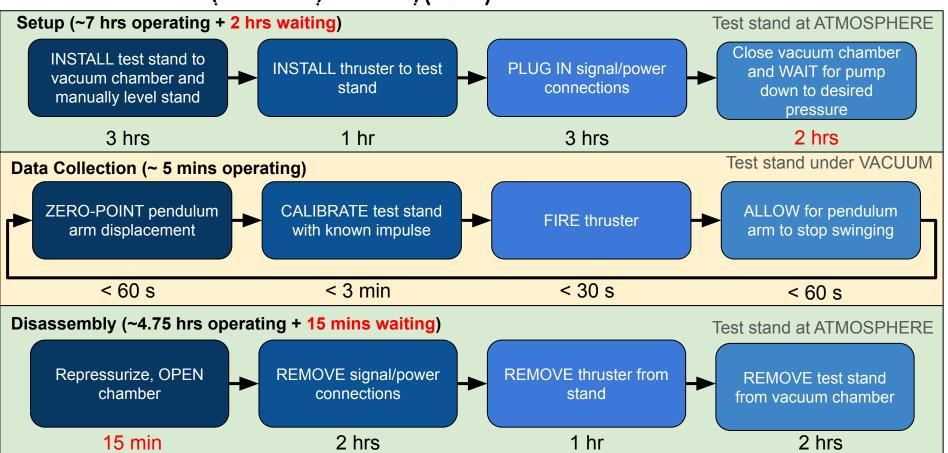
# Backup Slides

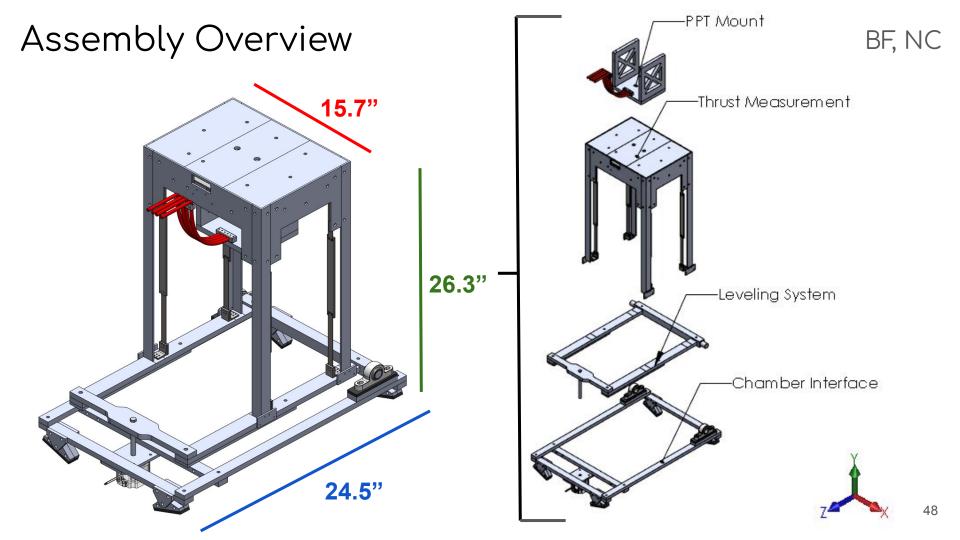
### CONOPS (Full System)(1/3)

NC





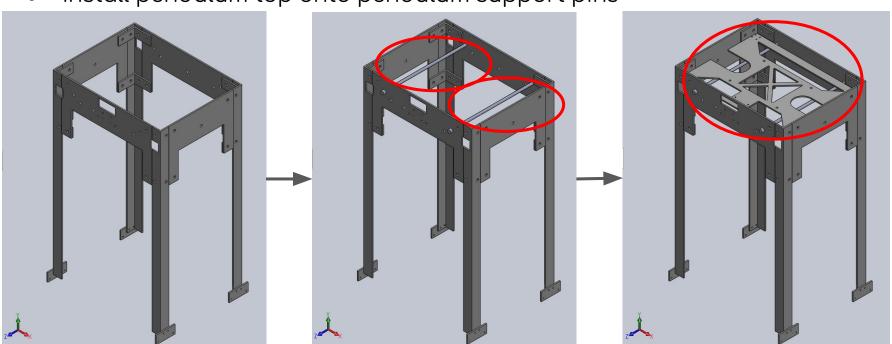




#### Test Setup Overview - Flexure Buckling

AD

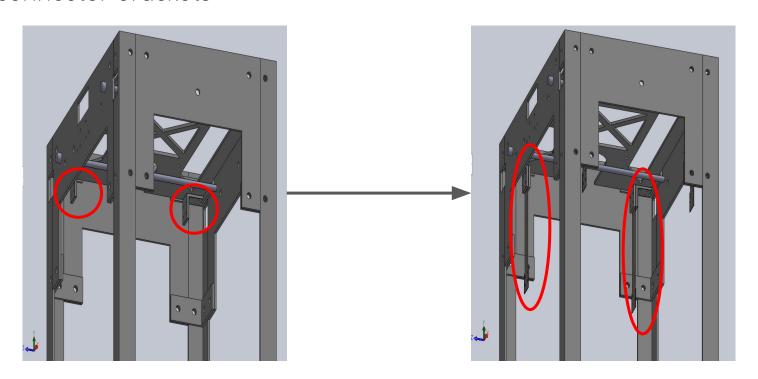
- Assemble test frame per assembly instructions, leaving top 3 panels off, secure frame to base plate
- Install pendulum support pins
- Install pendulum top onto pendulum support pins



### Test Setup Overview - Flexure Buckling

AD

- Bolt corner brackets onto pendulum top
- Bolt flexures to be tested onto corner brackets using connector brackets

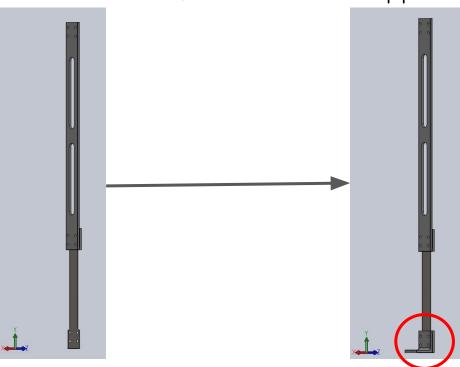


### Test Setup Overview - Flexure Buckling

 Bolt a second set of flexures to the vertical flexure support using connector brackets

Bolt corner brackets to flexure/vertical flexure support

assemblies

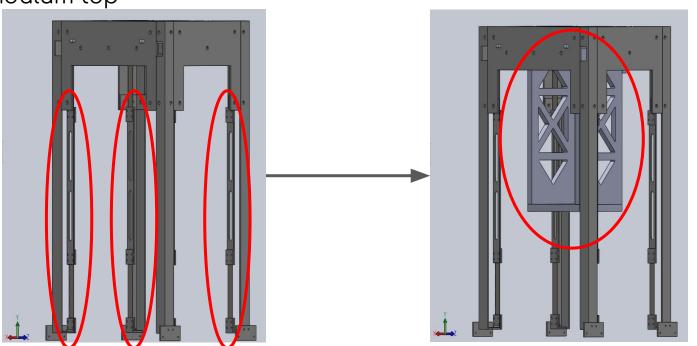


AD

AD

- Bolt corner bracket/flexure/vertical flexure support brackets to flexures on pendulum top using connector brackets
- Fasten lower corner brackets to base plate

Assemble thruster shelf per assembly instructions and fasten pendulum top

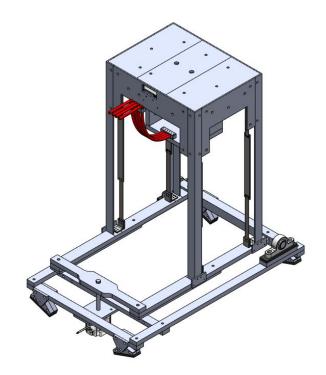




## Mission Overview: Anatomy

#### Structure

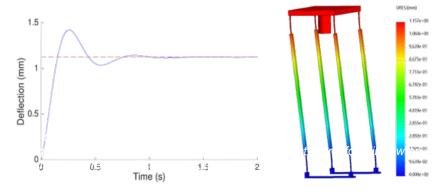
- Measure micro quantities of thrust
  - Electric propulsion systems have limited thrust
    - Resolve deflections of 0.00118-0.197 in (corresponding to impulses of 2.25 µlbf\*s to 22.5 mlbf\*s)
- Inverted pendulums resolve extremely low thrusts
  - Gravity acting on its center of mass increases the stand's measurable deflection for a given impulse



# Mission Overview: Operation

#### Deflection Measurement

- Measure micro quantities of thrust
  - Electric propulsion systems have limited thrust
    - Resolve deflections of 0.00118-0.197 in (corresponding to impulses of 2.25 µlbf\*s to 22.5 mlbf\*s)
- Inverted pendulums resolve extremely low thrusts
  - Gravity acting on its center of mass increases the stand's measurable deflection for a given impulse



Nominal Inverted Pendulum Impulse Deflection

Image Credit: [1]

# Project Timeline Next Steps

Subteam	Item
Avionics	<ul> <li>Hardware purchasing and testing</li> </ul>
Software	<ul><li>Improve DAQ code</li><li>Stepper motor testing</li><li>DAQ testing</li></ul>
Structures	<ul> <li>Finalize technical drawings and assembly procedures</li> <li>Continuing prototyping</li> <li>Manufacturing final parts</li> </ul>
Propulsion	<ul> <li>Vacuum &amp; plasma exposure material performance testing</li> <li>Electrostatic fin calibration testing</li> </ul>
Power	Wiring and shielding assembly/testing

